that a noble man shall have by redyng these oratours. is that, when he shall happe to reason in counsaile, or shall speke in a great audience, or to strange ambassadours of great princes, he shall not be constrayned to speake wordes sodayny and disordered but shall bestove them aptly and in their places: "Caesar's commentaries are studiously to be redde of the princes of this realme of Englande and their counsailors; and "It wold not be forgoten that the lytell boke of the most excellent doctour Pasmus Roterodamus which booke is intituled the Institution of a Christian Prince, wolde be as familyare always with gentilmen. at all tymes, and in every age, as was Homere with the great hynge Alexander, or Xenophon with Scipie."5 Ascham teaches. "After that your scholar ... shall some to a ready perfectness in translating Then take this order with him: read daily unto him some book of Tully, as the third book of Epistles, or that excellent epistle containing slmost the whole first book ad Q. fra some comedy of Terrence or Plautus ... Cansar's Commentaries are to be read with all curiosity wherein especially without all exception to be made, either by friend or foe, is seen the unspotted propriety of the Latin tongue, ... or some Orations of T. Livius, such as be both longest and plainest: "I have heard worthy H. Cheke many times say, 'I would have a good student pass and journey through all authors, both Greek and latin, but he that will dwell in these few books only, first in God's Holy Bible, and then join

^{1.} The Boke Named the Governour, p 42.

^{2.} op. cit., p 46.

^{3.} op. cit., p.48. The Scholemaster, p 93.